

University Of Basra College Of Nursing Basic Medical Sciences



Factors That Determine the Choice of Place of Birth among For Pregnant Women in Basra City

A research project was submitted to the counsel of the nursing college, the university of Basra as a partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of B.S.C. in nursing science

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Supervisor s Recommendation

I certify that this research project (factors that determine the choice of place of birth among for a pregnant woman in Basarh city) was prepared under my supervision at the college of nursing , university of Basrah as partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of baccalaureate in nursing sciences .

Asst.prof.Dr. Sindus.B,Dwood

2022-2021

In view of the available recommendations, I forward this research for debate by the examining committee.



At the beginning, we would like to thank and appreciate Allah; the Almighty, the Merciful of his slaves, for giving me the power and patience to accomplish my study.

we would like to express our deepest thanks to the Dean of Nursing College for her cooperation. And we would like to express our grateful and deepest thanks with appreciation to our supervisor and guide Asst.prof.Dr. Sindus Baqer Dwood for her continuous support and encouragement to complete my research.

We would also like to thank all the experts who have shown their opinion and added some information to instrument of study. Also I would like to extend my gratitude and thanks to all the mothers participating and their cooperation with our

Abstract

Introduction: the place of birth could influence the outcome of labor and childbirth; hence it is very important that a woman makes the right decision as regard her place of giving birth to safeguard both maternal and child wellbein*g*.

- **Objectives:** To assess factors choice of place of birth among women attending Basrah city.
- *Methodology:* A descriptive design study was conducted in basrah hospitals, A purposive (non-probability) sample consist of (100) women who have been study many types hospitals from January 18, 2022 to March 12, 2022.

the instrument Questionnaire of the present study contains two parts, first part: It is concerned with the mother demographic data, second part: it is composed of (25) multiple(yes and no choice questions (MCQs) related women about Determining the choice of a place of delivery,(10) Experts from different specialties had achieved the validity of the instrument.

- Statistical programs such as SPSS (Statistical Package for Social Science) version 23 were used to analyze the data.
- **Result:** the findings revealed that of the study sample, 34% of them at age group(20 25) years with Mean \pm SD=29.64 \pm 7.56, 33% The highest percentage of secondary Level education women also Level education husband with secondary was %(27) It was the highest percentage of Previous Number Children was (27%), they have two or three child.
- Sources financial or Occupation women and Occupation her husband represents higher percentage from women with (housewife (49%) and husband was (51%) with does not work .If they obstetric difficulties highest percentage with answer yes (67%), Place of Residence present Rural present (66%). Women's BMI most of them with normal weight (79%), and visit antenatal care (≥4) around (74%) and (75%) of them complete vaccine with,. maternity and children hospital was (36%)even though it is a governmental and public hospital,

and the study present ,The differences in the answers and the reasons for choosing the current place of birth through the respondents'
Conclusion:
Findings from the study showed that majority of, The mothers with age group(20-25),was showed that major present level education about women and his her husband was secondary level Most of the sample was have (2-3) child .Just under half were housewives and Slightly less than half were housewives, and nearly half of the sample had no work for their husbands. They Most have no problems during childbirth.The majority were from the rural outskirts with normal weight .The majority

Recommendations

In future need similar research and larger samples should be conducted to obtain more profound results .

of them have more than 4 visits to the health center and have

completed the vaccinations for the pregnant woman

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